Year 5 Primary Curriculum Programme of Study for Mathematics (Draft)



NUMBE	ER: Pupils should b	be taught to					www.PrimaryTools.co.u	
		Number, pl	ace val	ue, appr	oximation and	l estima	ation	
r	read, write, order a	and compare numbers to at	least		count forwar	ds or ba	ackwards in steps of 100, 1000 or 10,000	
1	1.000.000 and determine the value of each digit						for any given number up to 1.000.000	
r	ound any number up to 1.000.000 to the nearest estimate				e the answers to calculations involving addition, subtraction.			
1), 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000 multiplication and division							
r	read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals							
	Add and subtrast whole numbers with up to 5 digits and subtract numbers resultable with inspectively laws							
a	add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large							
1	iciuaing using formal written methods numbers							
	Multiplication and division							
i	identify multiples including common multiples, and know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors							
f	actors including common factors and composite (non-prime) numbers							
e	establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and multiply numbers up to 4-digits by a 1 or 2-digit number usin						4-digits by a 1 or 2-digit number using a	
r	ecall the prime numbers up to 19				formal written method, including long multiplication			
a	ccurately multiply and divide numbers divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number and 10 and interpret							
r	mentally drawing upon known facts							
	Jivide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1-digit number and 10 recognise and use square numbers and square roots, and the							
	and interpret remainders appropriately $\sqrt{\sqrt{1-1}}$							
	solve word problems involving addition and subtraction multiplication and division							
3	Fractions							
C	compare and order tractions with different recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert							
C	enominators from one form to the other							
a	add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by						r fractions and mixed numbers by whole	
r	related fractions;,	nts that	1	numbers				
e	Exceed 1 as a mixed number: (e.g. 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 11/5)							
	Decimals							
r	read and write decimal numbers as fractions recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and							
(e.g. 0.71 = 71/100) decimal equivalents							
r	ead, write, order and compare numbers with up to three add and subtract numbers with up to three decimal							
c	ecimal places							
	Percentage							
r	recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to write simple fractions as percentages							
	the per cent sympol (70) and understand that per cent relates to while simple fractions as percentages (a.g. 1/							
	number of parts per number of example that 100% represents a whole and decimals as percentages (e.g. $\frac{1}{2}$ =							
Ľ	quantity and 170 is 1/100, 50% is 50/100, 25% is 25/100, etc. 50% = 0.5)							
GEOMETRY AND MEASURES: Pupils should be taught to								
Properties of shapes								
r	measure angles in degrees and draw a given angle, writing its size in degrees							
k	know angles are measured in degrees and identify:							
r	right-angles and $\frac{1}{4}$ turn (total 90°)							
						at a poin		
a	angles at a point an	d one whole turn (total 360)					reflex angles and compare different angles	
r	recognise and con	npare different triangles incl	luding:	isoscele	es, equilateral	CC	onstruct shapes from given dimensions;	
a	and right-angled; identify and name the following: parall				am;	9	state and use properties of a square and	
r	rhombus; trapezium rectangle						rectangle	
i	dentify 3-D shape:	s including cubes and cubo	ids fron	n 2-D re	oresentations			
	Position, direction, motion							
i	identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation using the appropriate vocabulary							
	Measures							
	add subtract multiply and divide units of measure							
0	(e.g. length mass volume money) using decimal understand and use basic equivalencies between metric and							
(otation	volume, money) using deci	inai	co	mmon imperia	al units	and express them in approximate terms	
	notation							
r	measure force in calculate, estimate and compare the area of squares, rectangles and related composite shapes using							
r	standard units, including centimetre squared (cm ²) and metre squared (m ²)							
r	recognise volume in practical contexts, for example using sand and water, 1 cm ³ blocks or interlocking cubes to build cubes							
а	and cuboids							
	Data							
C	complete tables ar	d bar graphs from given in	formatio	on and s	olve problems	s using	data presented in bar graphs, tables and	
s	simple pie charts							